EVOLUTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING IN THE EU

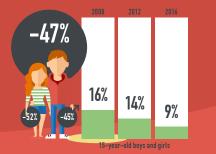
15-YEAR-OLDS, 2008-2016

WEEKLY DRINKING

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported drinking alcoholic beverages at least every week.

The visualised evolution is based on the statistics of the 2008 (2005/06 data), 2012 (2008/09 data) and 2016 (2013/14 data) HBSC studies as published by the WHO. EU statistics do not cover Malta and Bulgaria as they were not included by the HBSC study in 2012.





WEEKLY BEER CONSUMPTION

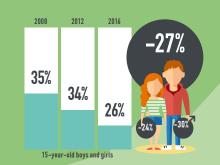
Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported drinking beer at least every week.

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DRUNKENNESS

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported having been drunk on two or more occasions.

The visualised evolution is based on the statistics of the 2008 (2005/06 data), 2012 (2008/09 data) and 2016 (2013/14 data) HBSC studies as published by the WHO. EU statistics do not cover Malta and Bulgaria as they were not included by the HBSC study in 2012.





WEEKLY BEER CONSUMPTION

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported having been drunk on two or more occasions.

The visualised evolution is based on the published EU country and regional data of the 2008, 2012 and 2016 HSBC studies as commissioned by the WHO.

The colour indicates the decline in beer consumption since 2008.

100% > 70%	
70% > 40%	
40% > 0%	

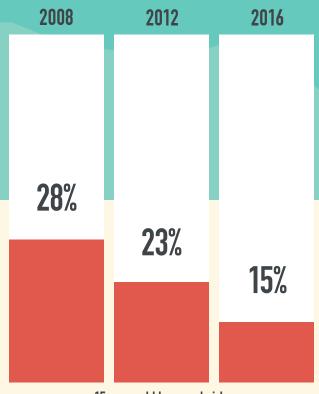
This infographic presents an evolution of underage drinking in the European Union for 15-year-olds as recorded by the WHO Euro coordinated study on Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC study). The 2016 HBSC Study covered more than 44 countries and regions (of which 30 in the EU) and 200,000+ underage respondents. Visualisation by The Brewers of Europe.

EVOLUTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING IN THE EU

15-YEAR-OLDS, 2008-2016

WEEKLY DRINKING

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported drinking alcoholic beverages at least every week.



15-year-old boys and girls

The visualised evolution is based on the statistics of the 2008 (2005/06 data), 2012 (2008/09 data) and 2016 (2013/14 data) HBSC studies as published by the WHO. EU statistics do not cover Malta and Bulgaria as they were not included by the HBSC study in 2012.

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> Total decline for boys and girls from 2008 to 2016 reports

> > 11

-45%

Visualisation by The Brewers of Europe.

EVOLUTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING IN THE EU

This infographic presents an evolution of underage drinking in the European Union for 15-year-olds as recorded by the WHO Euro coordinated study on Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC study). The 2016 HBSC Study covered more than 44 countries and regions (of which 30 in the EU) and 200,000+ underage respondents.

-47%

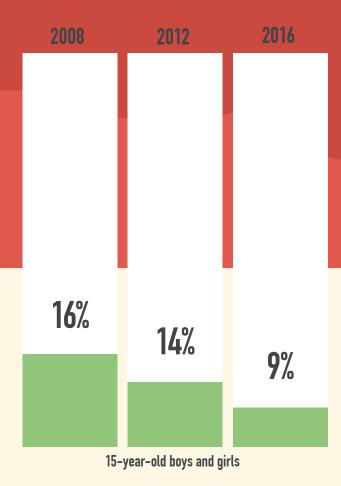
Total decline for boys and girls from 2008 to 2016 reports

-45%

15-YEAR-OLDS, 2008-2016

WEEKLY BEER CONSUMPTION

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported drinking beer at least every week.



The visualised evolution is based on the statistics of the 2008 (2005/06 data), 2012 (2008/09 data) and 2016 (2013/14 data) HBSC studies as published by the WHO. EU statistics do not cover Malta and Bulgaria as they were not included by the HBSC study in 2012.

Visualisation by The Brewers of Europe.

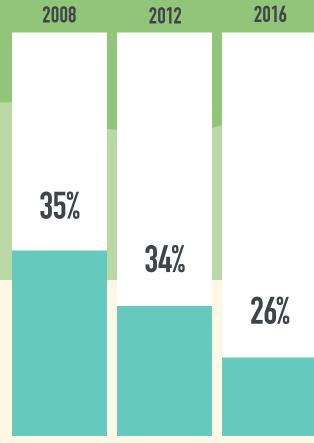
EVOLUTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING IN THE EU

This infographic presents an evolution of underage drinking in the European Union for 15-year-olds as recorded by the WHO Euro coordinated study on Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC study). The 2016 HBSC Study covered more than 44 countries and regions (of which 30 in the EU) and 200,000+ underage respondents.

15-YEAR-OLDS, 2008-2016

DRUNKENNESS

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported having been drunk on two or more occasions.



15-year-old boys and girls

The visualised evolution is based on the statistics of the 2008 (2005/06 data), 2012 (2008/09 data) and 2016 (2013/14 data) HBSC studies as published by the WHO. EU statistics do not cover Malta and Bulgaria as they were not included by the HBSC study in 2012.

-27%

Total decline for boys and girls from 2008 to 2016 reports

24%

-30%



WEEKLY BEER CONSUMPTION

Findings presented here show the consumption evolution amongst 15-year-olds in the EU who reported drinking beer at least every week.

2017

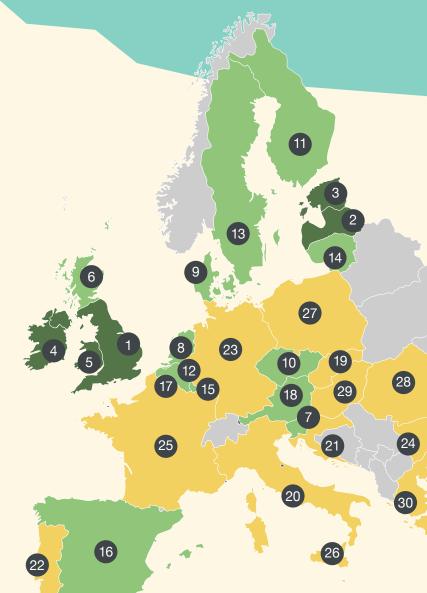
2000 2014

EVOLUTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING IN THE EU

15-YEAR-OLDS, 2008-2016

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		2016	2008–2016
1	ENGLAND	5.0%	-79%
2	LATVIA	3.5%	-77%
3	ESTONIA	3.0%	-75%
4	IRELAND	2.0%	-73%
5	WALES	6.0%	-71%
6	SCOTLAND	5.5%	-65%
7	SLOVENIA	7.0%	-64%
8	NETHERLANDS	9.0%	-63%
9	DENMARK	9.5%	-60%
10	CZECH REPUBLIC	12.5%	-55%
11	FINLAND	3.5%	-53%
12	BELGIUM (Flemish)	10.5%	-52%
13	SWEDEN	2.0%	-50%
14	LITHUANIA	6.0%	-48%
15	LUXEMBOURG	8.0%	-47%
16	SPAIN	5.0%	-44%
17	BELGIUM (French)	9.5%	-44%
18	AUSTRIA	11.0%	-42%
19	SLOVAKIA	10.0%	-39%
20	ITALY	15.0%	-39%
21	CROATIA	15.0%	-36%
22	PORTUGAL	5.5%	-35%
23	GERMANY	9.5%	-32%
24	BULGARIA	19.5%	-29%
25	FRANCE	6.5%	-28%
26	MALTA	14.0%	-26%
27	POLAND	8.5%	-15%
28	ROMANIA	13.0%	-10%
29	HUNGARY	13.5%	-10%
30	GREECE	14.0%	0%



The colour indicates the decline in beer consumption since 2008.

- 100% > 70%
- 70% > 40%
- 40% > 0%

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